Appendix 3. Timescales or the 'Roadmap'. <u>SEND and alternative provision roadmap - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>.

National Standards.

Invest £2.6 billion between 2022 and 2025 to
fund new places and improve existing provision for children and young people with SEND or who require alternative provision.
Publish a significant proportion of the national standards.
Work with partners to develop reformed templates and guidance to deliver a nationally consistent education, health and care plan process which makes greater use of digital technology.
Set out initial plans for our approach to updating the SEND Code of Practice.
Develop innovative approaches for short breaks through £30 million of funding.
Receive a final report from the Law Commission following their review of the social care legislation relating to disabled children.
Create a 3-tier alternative provision system.
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Successful transitions and preparation for adulthood.

This year (2023)	By the end of 2025
Launch a pilot to consider the evidence require access flexibilities to standard English and mathematics requirements for apprenticeship	between all stages of education, and into
Support the Department for Work and Pension Adjustment Passport pilot.	Invest £18 million to double the capacity of the supported internships programme.
Start to build capacity and strengthen the qual of the supported internship programme. This includes training job coaches and making sure local authorities have access to a supported employment forum.	
A skilled workforce and excellent leadership.	
This year (2023)	By the end of 2025
Undertake a review of the initial teacher training and early career frameworks.	Take a joint Department for Education and Department of Health and Social Care approach to SEND workforce planning.
Fund up to 5,000 early years staff to gain an accredited level 3 early years special educational needs co-ordinator qualification.	Launch a new leadership level special educational needs co-ordinator national professional qualification.
Launch a research project to develop our evidence base on current school approaches for teaching assistants.	Begin to invest a further £21 million to train 2 more cohorts of educational psychologists in 2024 and 2025.
	Improve access to speech and language therapists through ELSEC pathfinders.
	Embed specialists like therapists and youth workers into 22 alternative provision schools through funding

This year (2023)	By the end of 2025
	the AP specialist taskforces pilot programme until the end of March 2025.
	Publish the first 3 practice guides for frontline professionals.

Strengthened accountabilities and clear routes of redress.

This year (2023)	By the end of 2025
Publish local and national inclusion dashboards.	Facilitate a more joined up response between Department for Education and NHS England.
Deliver updated Ofsted and Care Quality Commission area SEND inspections.	Put robust processes in place to take action where there are breaches of statutory duties.
Give the Secretary of State for Health greater powers through the Health and Care Act 2022.	Create a ladder of intervention for local areas.
Require every integrated care board to have a named executive board member lead accountable for SEND.	Improve the quality of mediation services.
Set up an expert group to support the development of a bespoke national alternative provision performance framework.	Develop a bespoke national alternative provision performance framework.
Improve advice and guidance for families on mediation and update the professional standards for SEND mediators.	Develop options for ensuring transparent and effective movement of pupils without education, health and care plans.

A financially sustainable system delivering improved outcomes.

This year (2023)	By the end of 2025
Increase core school funding by £3.5 billion in 2023 to 2024. Almost £1 billion of that increase will go towards high needs.	Make significant progress towards the development and implementation of a system of funding bands and tariffs to back the national standards.
Support local authorities through the delivering better value and safety valve programmes.	
Publish a response to the consultation on the schools national funding formula.	
Make significant progress in developing new approaches to funding alternative provision.	
Re-examine the state's relationship with independent special schools.	